

# Generalized pain disorders

**(February 2017)** 

#### Rationale

Complaints of non-articular generalized pain are common, often chronic and can be difficult to manage.

### **Causal Conditions**

(list not exhaustive)

- Fibromyalgia / Chronic fatigue syndrome
- Polymyalgia rheumatica (PMR)
- Mental health disorders (e.g., depression, somatic symptom disorders)

## **Key Objectives**

Given a patient with a generalized pain disorder, the candidate will differentiate articular from nonarticular pain, diagnose the cause, severity, and complications, and will initiate an appropriate management plan.

## **Enabling Objectives**

Given a patient with generalized pain disorder, the candidate will

- list and interpret critical clinical findings, including
  - a. findings on history and physical examination which
    - differentiate fibromyalgia from other generalized pain syndromes and specific articular disease;
    - suggest other pain syndromes which may be associated with serious complications;

- a. PMR and temporal arteritis;
- b. Depression and suicide;
- list and interpret appropriate investigations (e.g., erythrocyte sedimentation rate, temporal artery biopsy), including
  - a. recognizing that many generalized pain disorders are associated with normal investigations;
- construct an effective initial management plan appropriate for the working diagnosis, including
  - a. when appropriate, take a multidisciplinary approach (e.g., physiotherapy, psychosocial support);
  - b. determine if the patient requires specialized care.