

TDM Examination Statement of Results

Candidate name: Xxxxx, Aaaaa

Candidate code: 1234567890

Examination session: September 2026

Pass score: 484

Your final result: Pass

Your total score: 547

November 15, 2026

We are writing to inform you of your final result on the Therapeutics Decision-Making (TDM) Examination.

Your total score is reported as a scaled score ranging from 400 to 600 with a mean of 500 and a standard deviation of 25. The mean and standard deviation were set using the results from the January 2026 session.

Your final result is based on your total score relative to the pass score.

For more information, please visit the exam's web pages on mcc.ca.

Information on your examination performance is reported to you in the Supplemental Information Report included in this document.

TDM Examination Supplemental Information Report

Candidate name: Xxxxx, Aaaaa
Candidate code: 1234567890
Examination session: September 2026

Your final result: Pass
Your total score: 547

This report provides you with supplemental information on your performance on the Therapeutics Decision-Making (TDM) Examination.

The TDM Examination aims to assess the competence of candidates at the level required of a family physician practising independently and safely in Canada.

The exam is based on a blueprint that assesses candidate performance across two broad categories: dimensions of care and therapeutic interventions. The blueprint specifications outline the specific content weighting assigned to each of the four domains under the dimensions of care and to each type of therapeutic interventions on the exam:

Dimensions of care	Therapeutic interventions
Health promotion & illness prevention	Pharmacologic interventions
Acute	Nonpharmacologic interventions
Chronic	
Safety & adverse effects	

See page 3 of this report for the domain definitions. Each domain is assigned a weighting on the exam and the content weights are expressed as percentages.

Figure 1 displays your performance in each domain under the dimensions of care. Figure 2 displays your performance in each type of therapeutic interventions. In both figures, we provide your subscores along with the mean subscore of first-time takers who passed the same exam. We also provide the standard error of measurement (SEM) for each of your subscores. It represents the expected variation in your subscore if you were to take this exam again with a different set of questions covering the same domains.

Overlap between the SEM and the mean score of first-time takers who passed signifies that performance is similar to the mean.

Subscores are based on less data than the total score and have less precision. Your total score and subscores cannot be compared as they are calculated differently. The pass score cannot be applied to Figures 1 and 2.

For more information, please visit the exam's web pages on mcc.ca.

Dimensions of care

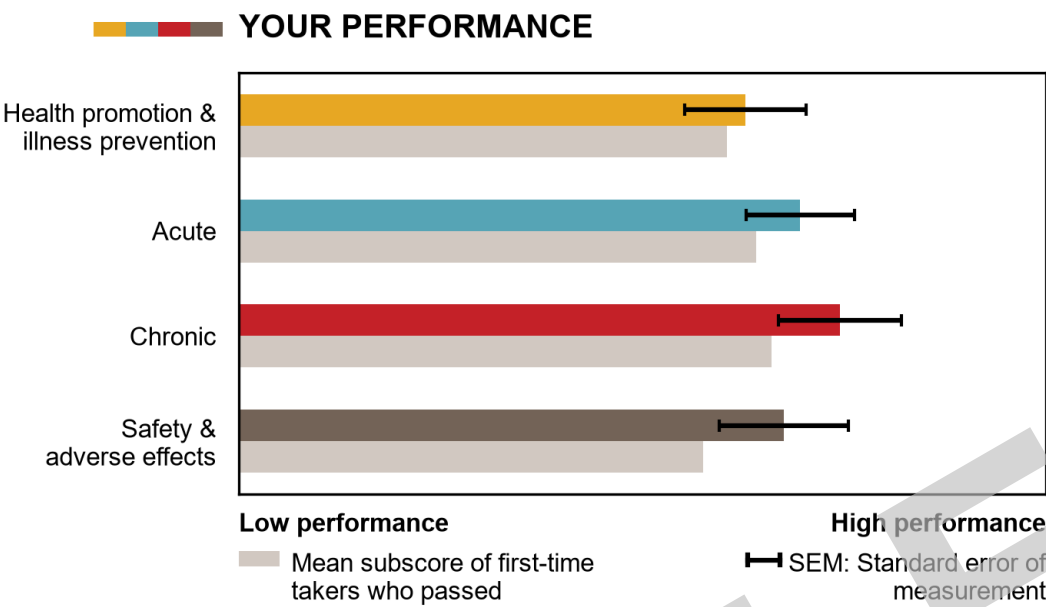
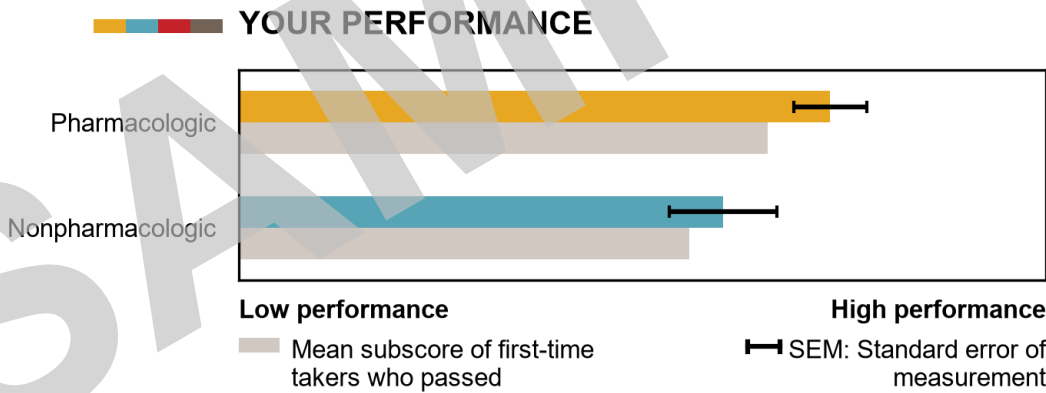


Figure 2: Therapeutic interventions



Dimensions of care

These dimensions reflect the focus of care for the patient, family, community and/or population:

- **Health promotion & illness prevention:** Health promotion is the process of supporting and empowering people to increase control over their health and its determinants and thereby improve their health. It includes education, advocacy, care strategies, and programs intended to reduce harms and overcome barriers to good health at both individual and population levels.

Illness prevention includes measures not only to prevent the occurrence of illness or injury but also to arrest its progress and reduce its consequences once established. It includes but is not limited to: psychological and social determinants of health; health impacts of all forms of oppression and discrimination, including those related to intersecting identities; risk factor identification and risk reduction; periodic health examination and screening programs; protection from neglect and abuse; harm reduction strategies; patient education and advocacy; community and population health.

- **Acute:** This is a brief episode of illness spanning from initial presentation to transition of care. It includes but is not limited to: urgent, emergent, and life-threatening conditions; new conditions and exacerbation of underlying conditions.
- **Chronic:** A chronic condition refers to an illness of prolonged duration that may be stable, progressive, or periodically exacerbated, or to a natural biological state that may require medical care or intervention. It includes but is not limited to: chronic illness (mental illness; physical illness; end-of-life care); natural biological state (pregnancy; infertility; gender dysphoria; menopause).
- **Safety & adverse effects:** This dimension includes the unintended or harmful effects resulting from a medication or other intervention. Reactions may occur in susceptible individuals or in anyone. It includes but is not limited to: drug interactions and adverse reactions; ongoing monitoring to promote medication safety; knowledge of absolute versus relative contraindications; safe medication selection for patient's unique presentation.

		DIMENSIONS OF CARE			
		Health Promotion & Illness Prevention	Acute	Chronic	Safety & Adverse Effects
THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS	Pharmacologic				70%*
	Nonpharmacologic				30%*
		15%	25%	30%	30%
		100%			

* NOTE: Health Promotion & Illness Prevention = 30% pharmacologic and 70% nonpharmacologic

Therapeutic interventions

- **Pharmacologic interventions:** These are interventions that introduce chemical substances into the human body. This dimension involves understanding the different classes of drugs—how they are used therapeutically, how their mechanisms of action function, and how they are handled by the human body. Additionally, this dimension involves knowledge of contraindications to the use of chemical substances. Prescribed and nonprescribed interventions are included in this dimension.
- **Nonpharmacologic interventions:** These are therapeutic interventions that do not involve medication and are beneficial to the health and wellbeing of the patient (e.g., counselling, exercise, splints).

		DIMENSIONS OF CARE			
		Health Promotion & Illness Prevention	Acute	Chronic	Safety & Adverse Effects
THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS	Pharmacologic				70%*
	Nonpharmacologic				30%*
		15%	25%	30%	30%
		100%			

* NOTE: Health Promotion & Illness Prevention = 30% pharmacologic and 70% nonpharmacologic